

Brother-in-Law Accused of Murder of Circus Man

To-Day's Weather—FAIR

To-Morrow's Weather—FAIR.

THE EVENING WORLD **FINAL EXTRA**

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CHINESE NAVY CAPTURED BY AIR BOMBERS

RUSSIANS DEMAND IMMEDIATE REPLY TO NOTE BY ALLIES

Threaten to Withdraw Their Proposals and Resume Original Stand.

HARMONIZE PREAMBLE.

French and British Agreed on First Part of Their Answer to Soviet.

GENOA, April 29 (Associated Press).—Foreign Minister Tschitcherine of Russia to-day sent to Premier Facta of Italy as President of the Economic Conference a note expressing the dissatisfaction of the Russian delegation with the delay in replying to its note of April 20 and saying the note would be withdrawn and the Russians would resume their initial position unless they were assured that the credits necessary to restore Russia would be granted.

The sub-commission on Russian Affairs agreed this morning on the preamble to the Russian proposals. A meeting was called for 4 o'clock this afternoon to consider the various articles of the document. The sub-commission announced the French and British drafts of the preamble had been harmonized.

The text of the preamble as agreed upon is practically the one proposed by the British, with the insertion of a few phrases taken from the French draft. Above all, it contains a list of what each leading country, including Belgium, is ready to offer Russia, giving figures and adding other countries which also are ready to contribute but which do not mention specific amounts.

In the British draft of the main Russian proposals, it is understood that emphasis was laid on the probable usefulness of the British Trade Facilities Bill, under which \$15,000,000 is immediately available.

By operation of the project, British industries could fill orders for reconstruction in Russia, and money could be made available to British individuals and companies, both at home and in Russia. Moreover, the additional exports and credits scheme in England, it was said, had an available fund of \$25,000,000. Belgium had a fund of 250,000,000 francs which could be used for development in Russia, and Japan had 6,000,000 yen for utilization by the Russo-Japanese Company.

The correspondent of the Central News says he learns that the British draft proposals to Russia set forth eight points, the principal of which was that Russia should recognize all her debts, and, after a moratorium of five years, pay 3 per cent. interest for five years and then 4 per cent. for another five years.

The document did not specify that Russia must accept the principle of private ownership, but demanded long leases of private property to its former owners. A credit scheme to finance trade would be favorably considered if Russia accepted the proposal.

The French document stated that "agricultural reconstruction should come before other things," and urged that if private property cannot be restored, the former owners be given indemnity. The French further desired an arrangement for payment of interest on the Russian state bonds. Falling an agreement before Dec. 31, next, the matter would be decided by a mixed arbitration tribunal with an impartial chairman.

Mixed Barthelemy, chief French delegate, took occasion formally to deny rumors that he intended to quit the conference, and said it was not even certain he would go to Paris to confer with Premier Poincare. It is understood, however, that he may leave for the French capital after the Allied Russian proposals are reported to the conference proper.

Brother-in-Law of Slain Showman Arrested on Charge of Hiring Murderer to Commit the Crime

C. M. Powell, a Former Employee of Brunen, Who Was Killed, Alleges Harry C. Mohr Engaged Him to Fire the Shot.

MT. HOLLY, N. J., April 29.—Charles M. Powell, a former employee, has made a complete confession to County Detective Ellis H. Parker of Camden County of the murder of John T. Brunen, wealthy circus man, in his home at Riverside on March 3 last, according to an announcement made by Parker here to-day.

Powell told the loss of the latter, that he shipped into Brunen's back and head at the instance of Harry C. Mohr, brother-in-law of the murdered man.

Mohr had managed one of Brunen's tent shows and as such had been Powell's employer at one time. The announcement of the confession was made to-day after Mohr had been arrested in Camden and brought to Mount Holly, where Powell is also under arrest.

Coincided with Mohr's arrest it became known to-day for the first time that Powell a native of Indianapolis has been held in the county jail here for three weeks in connection with the murder, following his arrest in Camden. Powell formerly was employed by Brunen in handling his tent show and later was in Mohr's employ when the latter was managing part of Brunen's show.

The arrests were made by county officers in Camden, on orders from Prosecutor Kelsey and County Detective Parker, who have been in charge of the case.

Powell has been under constant questioning since he was arrested and was faced with all the items of evidence picked up by Parker and his assistants in their six weeks of work on the case.

HARDING WON'T SEE "CHILD CRUSADERS"

Refers Youngsters Pleading for Imprisoned Fathers to Attorney General.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Arrival in Washington to-day of the "Children's crusade," composed of children and wives of men in Federal prisons for violation of war laws, was marked by announcement from the White House that the delegation would not be received by President Harding.

The children and women, numbering 37 and in charge of Mrs. Kate Richards O'Hare, of St. Louis, the White House announcement made by Secretary Christian said, would bow, however, be given "every consideration and attention" by Attorney General Daugherty.

President Harding has formally taken the position that no blanket pardon for war law violators will be issued, but the cases will be handled individually by the Attorney General's office, and pardons granted as they are found advisable after investigation by the Department of Justice.

A Special Section for Sunday World Real Estate Ads.

The importance and growing popularity of the Separate Sunday World Real Estate section is evidenced not only by the interest The World's readers manifest in it but also by the increased demand for advertising space. Real Estate, Houses, Office Buildings, Farms, Building Lots, Business Property, Apartments, Summer Residences, Furnished Rooms, etc., are assembled and classified systematically for quick and convenient reference.

ELDER CONFESSES HE WAS IN LOVE WITH SLAIN GIRL

Says She Refused to Marry Him; Sister Asserts Girl Begged Him to Wed.

HOOPESTON, Ill., April 29.—John C. Wyman, wealthy retired farmer and church elder, confessed to-day that he betrayed Gertrude Hanna, who was found murdered in the basement of the United Presbyterian parsonage here, according to the county authorities.

"But I didn't kill her!" shouted Wyman. "Before God, I say I didn't." Wyman, thirty-five years of age, and haggard after two days of constant questioning, stuck to that story until dawn, when he was let go in custody of the police. No charges have been lodged against him.

"We turned him loose with bounds on his track," was the explanation of Charles N. Knox, Sheriff of Vermilion County.

"I don't want to be turned loose," Wyman begged. "I wouldn't think of going anywhere in Hoopston without a policeman."

Wyman was interrogated throughout the night by Sheriff Knox and John H. Lewman, State's Attorney. The examination was held in a study room above the Fire Department station.

"I met Gertrude," Wyman began, "when we attended church together years ago. We were friends even then. But she went to Chicago to live, after which I met another woman whom I afterward married. That was two years ago. Mrs. Wyman died since."

Wyman sat erect in his chair as he told his story, leaning slightly forward, and gave the appearance of being eager to answer whatever questions might be put to him.

"One Sunday Gertrude came back to Hoopston. I met her at church and we took a long stroll in the country. I confessed my love to her but she told me to forget it.

"I am no longer worthy of you," she said, and started to tell me of her misdeeds in Chicago—that she had been tempted and had fallen.

"I stopped her. I said: 'Gertrude, it doesn't matter what you have done. No matter how bad you have been, I have been many times worse.' Shortly after this I went to live with her folks. I was tempted and so was she. Last October we fell. I wanted to

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JOFFRE SALUTED BY HARBOR GUNS AS HE SAILS HOME

Takes With Him Two Uniforms Bought Here—Leaves Farewell Message.

GALA SCENE AT PIER.

Voices Pleasure at Reception Here, New Proof of Our Friendship.

Joseph Jacques Cesare Joffre, Marshal of France, who stopped the first advance of the German General, Von Kluck, at the Marne, sailed for home from New York to-day on the Celtic, after a stay of nearly a month in the United States, touring from California east.

Before leaving the Plaza to go to his steamer, the Marshal asked the newspapers to make known to the people of the United States the "untroubled delight" he had enjoyed on this, his second, visit to the country, when he was not troubled by the cares of war, as he was when he came to America to co-operate in the military mobilization in 1917.

There was a great gathering of persons of French descent at the steamer to cheer the French soldier and his wife and daughter on their way. The tricolor was waved by the multitude with great fervor.

Major Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, used his authority as commander of the Second Corps Area of the Army to give his comrade at arms the almost unprecedented honor of a departing salute, ordering the harbor salutes to fire nineteen guns as the Celtic passed.

"Papa" Joffre, who says he would rather smoke a pipe and fish on the bank of the Marne than fight there, presented French briar pipes, in which his written signature had been carved, to Capt. L. L. Howe, Sergeant J. L. Travers and the twelve motorcycle policemen who have been his guard and escort while he has been in New York.

The escort went with him from the Plaza Hotel to the pier. He was also accompanied by Gen. Lebert, Consul General of France, and Col. H. K. Bird, representing Gov. Miller, and Rodman Wanamaker and Grover Whalen, representing Mayor Hylan.

At the pier while the Street Cleaning Department Band played, the departing visitor was wished well by Mayor Hylan, Commander Hanford McVicker and R. E. Condon of the American Legion, Major U. S. Grant 3d, U. S. A., Capt. C. T. Vogelzang, U. S. N., and Sgt. Samuel Woodfill, Jr., Pershing's "fighting soldier" and Medal of Honor man. Most of his company went down the bay on the John F. Hyman as far as Quarantine, alongside the Celtic.

His farewell message was: "I do not wish to leave New York without expressing to the population of this great city my very deep gratitude for the reception I have again so happily received at their hands.

"I had indeed retained an ineffable remembrance of my stay in America in 1917, but the indications of sympathy and friendship which are again come to me have proved conclusively that the heart of America, once won, is never lost.

"So I carry away with me the conclusive proofs of the faithfulness of the American people in their friendship; and as I cannot take for my own all the indications of friendship that have been mine—I consider this country—I would like to see in the evidence and the proof that the feeling of affection of your great country for mine is not in danger of extinction. This assurance gives me deep happiness."

"Let him whom you have had the kindness to honor with the freedom of your city say to his new fellow-citizens a farewell word with gratitude and hope, confident that their hearts will always beat in unison with the hearts of France, whenever liberty and justice are threatened or in peril."

Besides the numerous souvenirs presented to him during his stay in America the Marshal is taking back two new uniforms which he had made for him during the week he spent in this city. He thinks American clothes are fine.

Two British 'Confidence' Men Sail Abroad To-Day After Collapse of 'Merry Widow' Tour of World



Radley and Lawson Prefer Getting Out of Country Rather Than Deported.

Sailing for England to-day in order to avoid a hearing on a charge of entering the country on falsified passports are Hugh Radley, alias Hamilton Cleighton Radley and Charles Grant Lawson, alias "C. G. Hobbs," British confidence men and promoters, who arrived here a few weeks ago as members of a party of seven men and women bound on a tour around the world. In the party was a woman known as Mrs. Jane Lewis, an Australian, called by her companions "The Merry Widow," whose contribution to the expenses of the two English confidence artists and Frankie Dwyer, an American engaged in the same line of business, who was also of the party, amounted to \$35,000.

The jealous wife of one of the English boob hunters spoiled the plans of her husband and his pals by coming here and communicating with the police. Mrs. Lewis, who is hiding somewhere in New York, preparing to start for her Australian home, is said by her counsel to consider herself lucky to get off with a loss of \$35,000 when her fortune of more than \$20,000,000 was exposed to the designs of Roland Lawson and Dwyer, an international combination, said by the police to be extremely dangerous to the bank rolls of trusting traveling millionaires.

Mrs. Lewis was separated from her \$35,000 in card games played on the ship coming from Europe and at the Hotel Baltimore, where the party stopped until the jealous wife made her appearance. Dwyer has been playing cards on ocean liners for many years. He was a member of a gang of card sharks operating on the Titanic when that vessel sank on her maiden voyage. Dwyer and all the members of the gang escaped by going to one of the lower decks and sliding down the lines to the lifeboats.

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PLANES ROUT CHINESE NAVY IN FIRST AIR AND SEA BATTLE; BOMB KILLS 20, WOUNDS 30

Nine Warships, Last of Peking's Fleet, Surrender to Cantonese When Direct Hit Disables One—Heavy Fighting Near Capital.

SHANGHAI, April 2 (United Press).—Bombing planes defeated river gunboats in the first battle between air and water fleets in history at Canton, according to despatches from that city received here to-day.

Three planes of the Canton Government attacked nine warships in the Pearl River when the crews were suspected of being sympathetic with the Peking Government.

A direct hit was scored on the River Cruiser Haichi. The bomb killed twenty sailors and wounded thirty and put the vessel out of action. The others surrendered.

SENATE ORDERS INVESTIGATION OF OIL LAND LEASE

Public Feeling Too Strong for Opposition by Friends of Grab.

(Special from a Staff Correspondent to The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The La Follette resolution for a Congressional inquiry into all the ramifications of the Wyoming and California naval oil reserve deals was accepted by the Senate to-day without a dissenting vote. The investigation will be conducted by the Committee on Public Lands, of which Senator Smoot is chairman.

Although the law under which the Wyoming grab was perpetrated was enacted in 1920, many Senators have expressed surprise that the statute in question was interpreted to legalize the Wyoming deal. A movement has already started to amend the law if it is found that it confers such authority upon the Secretary of the Interior as it is claimed in this instance.

Even those Senators who are commonly regarded as sympathetic with the oil exploiting interests did not consider it good policy to vote against the investigation resolution to-day. The public feeling on the question has become so manifest since the details of the teapot dome lease were published that opposition to the investigation melted away.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, after the passage of the resolution to-day, in a speech expressed surprise that an important Government policy had been radically changed by Secretaries Fall and Denby in secret negotiations.

Prior to its passage, the LaFollette resolution was amended to also call for information as to the alleged drilling of oil wells on private lands adjacent to Teapot Dome by which drainage of Government oil is said to have taken place.

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CHINESE IN BATTLE ALONG WIDE FRONT OUTSIDE OF PEKING

Legations Call Aliens to City, but Americans Go Out to Watch Fighting.

PEKING, April 29 (Associated Press).—The fighting south of the Peking-Tientsin Railway, which began at dawn to-day, was still in progress this afternoon.

The engagement between the forces of Gen. Chang Tso Lin, Military Governor of Manchuria, and Gen. Pei Fu, military leader of Central China, was reported to extend along a line from Machang, twenty miles south of Tientsin, to a point south of Peking.

An attempt apparently was being made by Wu Pei Fu to wedge in between Peking and Chang Tso Lin's troops, thus turning the latter's flank. Gen. Wu's attack, launched at Changhsien, twelve miles southwest of Peking, seemingly came as a surprise and spread rapidly into the general engagement now reported.

Wounded troops from the front began arriving in the city this afternoon.

The artillery firing was heard distinctly in Peking and thousands of people, including many foreigners, mounted the city walls from which the smoke of the battlefield was visible.

During the night, some of intermittent firing came from the front, but with the dawn a brisk cannonade began, the city rousing to the mounting sound. Some Americans ventured out to the race track west of Peking.

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